Test. 8кл.

1. Translate into Russian.

```
1) airport
                               11) acrobat
2) boating
                               12) argument
3) cruise
                               13) hiking
4) excursion
                               14) judo
5) luggage
                               15) motto
6) ancient
                               16) parachuting
7) pony-trekking
                               17) pyramid
8) souvenir
                               18) to go in for sport
9) old-fashioned
                                19) to play chess
10) typical
                               20) figure skating
```

- 2. How do we call people who.
  - 1) play: football cricket rugby tennis
  - 2) go: swimming jumping running windsurfing
- 3. What are the advantages and disadvantages of taking part in sport and watching it on TV? see: p.131 ex. 5 (p. 129 ex. 31)
- 4. Complete the Tag questions.
  - 1) He can play golf well, ...? A – doesn't? B – can he? C – can't he?
  - 2) You are the new secretary, ...?

    A aren't you? B are you? C don't you?
  - 3) Sam shouldn't work hard, ...?
  - A –is he? B does he? C should he?

    4) Your son didn't help you?
  - 4) Your son didn't help you, ...?
    A did he? B had he? C didn't he?
  - 5) My Dad hasn't read the newspapers, ...?
  - A hasn't he? B has he? C did he?
  - 6) It is a nice day, ...?

A - does it? B - is it? C - isn't it?

7) There was nobody there, ...?

A – was there? B – wasn't there? C – were there?

- 5. Write down your suggestions.
  - 1) The rules of this game ... since the 19<sup>th</sup> century. A – has been set B – have been set C – have been setting
  - 2) Football ... for hundred of years.

A – have been played B – has been played C – has been playing

3) Running competitions ... since early times.

A – has been held B – have been held C – has been holding

# Past Simple or Past Continuous

Past Simple V2 Ved

Past Continuous. Was/were Ving

Past Continuous Tense is used to show action in duration. We use Past Simple and Past Continuous to say that smth happened in the middle of some action.

#### Task 1.Put the verb in brackets in the right form.

**Example:** I (have breakfast) when my friend (come in).

I was having breakfast when my friend came in.

1) My mum (make) a cake when the quests (arrive).	
2) My friends and I (play) outside when the rain (start).	_

_									 
3)	) I (	(sleep)	when	the	telep	hone	(ring	)	

- 4) I (have a dream) when the school bell (ring).
- 5) We (dance) when the music (stop).
- 6) I (go) to the supermarket when I (meet) my friend.
- 7) I (try out) a mini car when a salesperson (come) up to me.
- 8) I (look for) a present for Jack when I (see) him in the shop.
- 9) Betsy (have lunch) when her mum (ask her) about her homework.
- 10) My mum (shop) when she (meet) her best friend in the toy department.
- 11) I (go) home at 10 o'clock yesterday.
- 12) I (not watch TV) from 6 to 7 p.m. yesterday.
- 13) Betsy and Jane (talk over the phone) when Gharlie (start) playing with his new train.
- 14) What shoes\_\_\_\_ Emily (wear) at that moment?
- 15) Emily (run) when the rain (start).

### Task 2. Make your own sentences based on pictures.

ex.: The children were playing chess, when mother came home.

























# **Present Simple or Present Continuous**

	cuse me, (you / to speak) English? do you speak
	are you speaking
	here's Andrew?" - "I (to know)." don't know
	am not knowing
3. Wh	at (you / to laugh at )?
	do you laugh at
	are you laughing at
	here (you / to come from)?" - "Russia".
	do you come from
	are you coming from
	na is a good golf player but she (to play) very often.
	doesn't play
	isn't playing
	n sorry but I (not to understand). Can you speak louder?
	don't understand
	am not understanding
7. List	en! Someone (to sing).
	sings
	is singing
	can turn the TV off. I (not to watch) it.
	don't watch
	am not watching
9. I us	ually (to leave) my house at 8 p.m.
	is leaving
	leave
10. Mi	isha is tired. He (to want) to go home now.
	wants
	is wanting

## **Keys:**

### **Present Simple or Present Continuous**

1. "Excuse me, (you / to speak) English?  do you speak	
☐ are you speaking	
2. "Where's Andrew?" - "I (to know)."	
don't know	
☐ am not knowing	
3. What (you / to laugh at )?	
☐ do you laugh at	
✓ are you laughing at	
4. "Where (you / to come from)?" - "Russia".	
do you come from	
☐ are you coming from	
5. Anna is a good golf player but she (to play) very often.  doesn't play  □ isn't playing	
6. I am sorry but I (not to understand). Can you speak louder?	•
✓ don't understand	
☐ am not understanding	
7. Listen! Someone (to sing).	
□ sings	
✓ is singing	
8. You can turn the TV off. I (not to watch) it.	
☐ don't watch	
✓ am not watching	
9. I usually (to leave) my house at 8 p.m.	
☐ is leaving	
leave	
10. Misha is tired. He (to want) to go home now.	
<b>✓</b> wants	
☐ is wanting	